

## Annual Accounts of Byggðastofnun

Icelandic Regional Development Institute 2009



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### Signatures and Report of the Board of Directors of the Icelandic Regional Development Institute

The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and rules on the financial statements of credit institutions. The annual accounts are made according to the same accounting principles as the previous year.

The Institute is mainly in the business of providing loans or other financial support in order to, among other things, improve living conditions in individual communities and prevent unwanted demographic changes or that viable inhabited areas become deserted.

According to the profit and loss statement the Institute was operated with a loss of ISK 3,015 million in the past year. According to the balance sheet, equity capital amounted to ISK 1,130 million at year-end.

The equity ratio, as defined by the Act on Credit Institutions, is 4.92%.

At the end of the year the equity ratio was 4.92% as stated above. The Act on Financial Undertakings states that equity shall be at least 8% of the credit risk and the Institute does therefore not fulfil this provision at the end of 2009. In response to this the parliament passed an authorisation in the 2010 budget to provide the Institute with an equity contribution of ISK 1,000 million to meet the statutory limits on equity ratio.

By signing below, the Board of Directors, CEO and Director of Finance hereby confirm the Regional Development Institute's annual accounts for 2009.

#### Reykjavik; 30 April 2010

Anna Kristín Gunnarsdóttir Chairman

Arndís Soffía Sigurðardóttir Bjarni Jónsson Herdís Á. Sæmundardóttir Ásmundur Sverrir Pálsson Drífa Hjartardóttir Kristján Þór Júlíusson

Aðalsteinn Þorsteinsson Director

> *Magnús Helgason* Director of finance

### **Independent Auditors' Report**

## To the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of the Icelandic Regional Development Institute

On behalf of the National Audit Office, we have audited the accompanying 2009 annual accounts of the Icelandic Regional Development Institute. The annual accounts contain the signatures and report of the Board of Directors, a profit and loss account, balance sheet, statement of cash flow, information on important accounting methods, and other explanations.

#### Directors' responsibility for the annual accounts

The Directors are responsible for the annual accounts being prepared and presented according to the Annual Accounts Act. The Directors shall, accordingly, organise, adopt and maintain internal controls over the preparation and presentation of the annual accounts, such that they will generally be free of significant defects, whether through fraud or mistakes. Directors' responsibility also extends to the use of accounting and valuation methods appropriate for the circumstances.

#### Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility involves the opinion we give of the annual account, as based on our audit. Our audit was carried out in accordance with international auditing standards. According to these standards, we must observe ethical rules and organise and perform the audit in a manner that provides sufficient certainty that the annual accounts have no substantial shortcomings.

The audit entails measures to confirm amounts and notes in the annual accounts. The selection of auditing procedures was based on the auditor's professional assessment, for instance of the risk of substantial shortcomings in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or mistakes. This risk assessment took into consideration the Institute's internal control over the preparation and presentation of the annual accounts, in order to plan appropriate auditing measures rather than to give an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control. Moreover, the audit includes an assessment of the accounting methods and methods of valuation used by the Directors in compiling the annual accounts as well as an assessment of their overall presentation.

We believe that during our audit, we have obtained sufficient and appropriate data to base our opinion on.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the performance of the Icelandic Regional Development Institute during 2009, its financial position as of 31 December 2009, and the changes in its liquid assets during 2009, in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act.

#### Comment

Without qualifying the accounts we would like to draw attention to Note 16, concerning the ability of the Institute as a going concern after having to make large provisions for loan losses. The Institute has, cf. Note 14, been allocated funds intended to secure that it meets minimum equity ratio requirements and also to remove any uncertainty as to its ability to continue as a going concern.

#### Reykjavik; 30 April 2010

Árni Snæbjörnsson Public certified Accountant Ernst & Young hf. Borgartúni 30, IS-105 Reykjavík

## Income statement for the year 2009

	Note	<b>2009</b> ISK 000s	<b>2008</b> ISK 000s
Interest income			
Interest from bankdeposits and securiti Interest on loans	es	293.633 1.685.689	77.212 1.894.991
		1.979.323	1.972.204
Interest expenses			
Interest on borrowings Other interest expense		1.292.804 1.914	1.511.513 1.070
		1.294.718	1.512.583
Net interes	t income	684.604	459.621
Other income			
Regular budget allocation Other budget allocation Foreign exchange diffirences Other income	5	385.200 46.535 41.188 36.333	386.300 118.858 711.082 14.211
		509.256	1.230.450
Ne	t income	1.193.861	1.690.071
Other expenses			
Grants to economic development ager Other grants	ncies	164.700 49.437	173.160 106.445
Salaries and related expenses General operating expenses	3,4	162.831 104.521	157.768 118.876
Depreciation of operational assets Allowance for losses on loans	2,9	6.052 3.720.936	1.408 1.660.399
and change in share capital		4.208.477	2.218.055
Net profit (loss)		(3.014.616)	(527.984)

## **Balance sheet**

	Notes	<b>2009</b> ISK 000s	<b>2008</b> ISK 000s
Assets			
Funds and claims against financial institutions			
Bank deposits and securities	6	2.167.413	2.472.498
Loans			
Loans to customers	7 8	17.412.611	19.348.264
Appropriated assets	ð	350.755	355.235
		17.763.366	19.703.499
Shares held in companies			
Shares	10	1.054.191	1.064.417
		1.054.191	1.064.417
Other assets			
Accounts receivable	11	2.675.108 54.223	13.966 54.551
Operational assets	11		
		2.729.331	68.517

Total assets	23.714.302	23.308.932

## as of 31 Desember 2009

	Note	<b>2009</b> ISK 000s	<b>2008</b> ISK 000s
Liabilities and equity		1517 0005	1517 0005
Borrowings			
Securities issued Loans from financial institutions		7.606.178 14.832.426	5.764.993 15.896.356
	13	22.438.604	21.661.349
Other liabilities			
Allowance for losses on collateral Creditors		19.383 126.394	11.255 91.791
		145.778	103.046
Total liabilities		22.584.381	21.764.395
Equity capital	2,14	1.129.921	1.544.537
Total liabilities and equity		23.714.302	23.308.932
Outside the balance sheet ite	ems		
Guarantees provided		368.282	363.914

## Statement of cash flow, 2009

	2009 ISK 000s	2008 ISK 000s
Cash flow from operations		
Net profit (loss) <i>Items not affecting liquid assets:</i> Allowance for losses on loans and reduction	(3.014.616)	(527.984)
in share capita	3.720.936	1.660.399
Depreciation of fixed assets	6.052	1.408
Interest, indexation and exchange rate difference	(191.570)	(111.714)
Unpaid grants	1.225	(3.199)
Cash flow from operations	522.028	1.018.910
Investment activities		
Repayment of loans	781.246	807.445
New loans made	(1.147.937)	(3.880.601)
Redeemed assets	(13.512)	68.198
Shares	(64.846)	(10.715)
Operational assets bought	(5.724)	0
Money market loan SPRON	(256.086)	0
Debtors	2.880	(3.819)
Investment activities	(703.979)	(3.019.491)
Financing activities		
Repayment of borrowinga	(1.156.511)	(1.602.883)
New borrowings	1.000.000	4.156.125
Accounts payable	33.378	20.689
Financial activities	(123.133)	2.573.931
Increase (decrease) in cash on hand	(305.085)	573.350
Cash on hand at beginning of year	2.472.498	1.899.148
Cash on hand at year-end 6	2.167.413	2.472.498

## Notes to the 2009 financial statements

#### 1. Information on the Institute

The Regional Development Institute is a credit institution, its Id. No. 450679-0389, and its main business is providing loans and other financial support. The Institute's registered domicile is Ártorg 1, IS-550 Saudárkrókur, Iceland.

### 2. Accounting Methods

#### Basis of financial statement

The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and rules on the financial statements of credit institutions. It is a cost accounting statement, except for investment assets, derivatives and financial instruments intended for resale which are assessed at fair value. The annual accounts are made according to the same accounting principles as the previous year. It is in Icelandic krona (ISK) and all amounts are in ISK thousands, except where otherwise indicated.

#### Methods of assessment

The directors must assess and make specific decisions regarding important items in the annual accounts that are subject to assessment from time to time due to their nature. The methods of assessment are based on generally accepted accounting principles. The real value of items assessed in this way may prove different from the assessment upon sale or other disposal.

## Assets and liabilities linked to a price index and foreign exchange rates

Accrued exchange rate difference is entered in the annual accounts, as well as inflation adjustments to the principals of assets and liabilities. Indexed assets and liabilities are entered based on the indices of 1 January 2010. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are converted into Icelandic krona at the last registered rate of the year. The exchange rate difference is then entered in the profit and loss account.

#### Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are entered at cost, less depreciation. Improvements are capitalised if they are considered likely to yield a profit to the Institute in the future and if the cost can be reliably assessed. Any maintenance cost is charged in the profit and loss account as incurred. Depreciation is based on the estimated useful life of individual fixed assets and calculated as a fixed annual percentage of the initial purchase price, less estimated residual value, considering the period of ownership during the year.

#### Provisions for losses on loans

Provisions for losses on loans are made to meet the risk associated with lending, however, this does not constitute a final write-off. Provisions for losses on loans are charged to the profit and loss account less repayments for loans previously written-off.

#### **Ownership in companies**

Ownership in companies is entered at cost or fair value where possible. Changes in assessment are entered in the profit and loss account.

#### Investments

The Institute's investments are divided into loans and claims. They are originally assessed at fair value or cost plus transaction costs. All investment trade by the Institute is recorded on the business day, which is the date when the Institute has undertaken to make the trade.

#### Loans and claims

Loans and claims are financial assets, excluding derivatives that have a fixed or predetermined payment flow and are not registered in an active market. Loans and claims are generally assessed at cost price.

#### Debtors

Claims on debtors are recorded according to the original trade price, following exchange rate adjustments and less a write-down to meet claims that may be lost. The write-

down is based on an assessment of the risk of loss with respect to individual claims and the claims as a whole. Claims that are considered completely lost are removed from the Institute's books.

Cash

Cash in the balance sheet and cash flow statement includes bank deposits and due claims on credit institutions.

#### Income

Income is recorded when there is a considerable probability that the financial benefit thereof will come to the Institute and when it can be assessed in a reliable manner. Interest income is entered in the profit and loss account when they occur.

Dividend income is entered when the Institute's right to collect is recognised.

Lease income from leasing of investment assets is recognized on a straight-line basis during the lease period.

#### 3. Salaries and related expenses

	2009	2008
	ISK 000s	ISK 000s
Wages	134,092	130,202
Pention contribution	16,369	16,042
Other salaries-related expenses	12,370	11,524
Total	162,831	157,768

In terms of full-year positions, the Institute had an average of about 20 employee's in 2009. At year-end 2009 the company had 20 employees on the payroll.

#### 4. Payments to the Board and Director-General

Wages to the Board and Director-General of the Institute of Regional Development were as follows:

#### Örlygur Hnefill Jónsson,

Chairman until 20.05.2009 Anna Kristín Gunnardóttir,	933	2,239
chairman from 20.05.2009	1,769	0
Other Board Members (6) Aðalsteinn Þorsteinsson,	6,324	6,829
Director-General	10,683	11,561
Total	19,709	20,629



#### 5. Allocations from supplementary budget

	2009	2008
Budget allocations for employment promotion Budget allocations for	42,935	91,808
economic dev. projects	3,600	5,050
Other budget allocations_	0	22,000
Total	46,535	118,858

#### 6. Cash and claims on financial

Cash on hand consists of unrestricted bank deposits in domestic and foreign currencies and claims due at credit institutions.

Bank deposits in ISK Bank deposits in	2,162,639	1,081,605
foreign currencies	4,774	1,390,893
Total	2,167,413	
7. Loans Breakdown by sector: Municipalities Individuals Industry: Services Fisheries Manufacturing Financial Institute Agricultue Other Total	0,57% 5,82% 36,60% 32,60% 15,97% 5,85% 2,59% <u>0%</u> 100,00%	'
Loans by maturity:		
On demand Up to 3 months 3 months up to 1 year 1 to 5 years Over 5 years <b>Total</b>	534,765 275,757 1,079,371 5,073,926 <u>10,448,792</u> 17,412,611	,
8. Appropriated assets Real estate Moveable assets Total	350,155 600 350,755	355,035 200 355,235

#### 9. Provision to loan-loss account

#### Changes during year (ISK 000s)

Balance at the		
beginning of the year	1,767,115	795,918
Provision for impairment losses	3,295,694	1,237,392
Loans write off	(430,387)	(266,195)

Balance at end of year 4,632,422 1,767,115

#### 2009 2008

Allowance during the year	r 3,295,694	1,237,392
Provision for guarantees	8,128	1,440
Changes in shares	228,097	421,567
Impairment for other clain	ns 192,065	0
Prev. written off loans	(3,048)	0
Allowance for credit losses	5,	
according to profit and		
loss statemen	3,720,936	1,660,399
Allowance for credit losses	5,	
as a percentage of loans	21,01%	

#### 10. Shareholdings

Breakdown of shares held by the IRDI at year-end, by nominal value and holding proportion:

.,	Share %	Normal value ISK 000s
Real estate		131 0003
Ámundakinn ehf.	13,16%	19,000
Ásgarður hf. eignarhaldsfélag	13,10%	15,000
Dalagisting ehf.	12,11%	8,000
Dýralíf ehf.	28,92%	4,000
Fasteignafélagið Borg ehf.	29,78%	18,825
Fasteignafélagið Hvammur ehf	. 24,86%	16,924
Fjarðaraldan hf.	29,88%	15,000
Grand hótel Mývatn ehf.	7,22%	10,000
Hótel Hellissandur hf.	24,98%	19,534
Hótel Norðurljós ehf.	46,40%	2,320
Tröllasteinn ehf.	18,92%	7,000
Urtusteinn ehf.	8,36%	32,487
Total real estate		168,090
Banks and financial Saga Capital hf.	0 260%	25 270
Total banks and financial	0,36%	35,378 <b>35,378</b>
		55,576
Holding:		
Eignarhaldsfélag Suðurlands hf.	40,00%	109,142
Eignarhaldsfélag Suðurnesja hf		96,840
Eignarhaldsfél. Vestmannaeyja hf.	. 38,77%	7,850
Fjárfestingafélagið Vör hf.	41,83%	35,940
Gjöll ehf.	22,04%	4,000
Hvetjandi ehf.	49,85%	53,109
Total Holding		306,881
Tuessel		
<b>Travel</b> Brimnes hótel ehf.	12,00%	4,610
Ferðaskrifstofa Austurlands ehf.		4,500
Hótel Flúðir hf.	11,94%	3,109
Hótel Húsavík hf.	0,38%	136
Hótel Valaskjálf hf.	18,80%	4,500
Hótel Varmahlíð hf.	13,04%	3,000
Hvalamiðstöðin Húsavík ehf.	19,70%	2,000
Hvíldarklettur ehf.	26,63%	30,000
Nes-Listamiðstöð ehf.	41,67%	5,000
P/F Smyril-line	1,30%	76,778
Rauðka ehf.	16,67%	2,000
Snorri Þorfinnsson ehf.	19,89%	12,000
Sæferðir ehf.	37,52%	29,903
Textílsetur Íslands ses.	32,15%	2,000
Total travel		179,536

Industrie	Share %	Normal value ISK 000s
Borg, saumastofa ehf.	19,82%	170
Eðalís ehf.	11,06%	3,000
Fjallalamb ehf.	10,68%	10,000
Kjörorka ehf.	8,25%	2,000
Raflagnir Austurlands ehf.	22,37%	12,000
Sigurjón Magnússon ehf.	30,00%	214
Skaginn hf.	3,08%	5,928
TH ehf.	4,50%	2,000
Trico ehf.	33,33%	5,000
Ullarvinnsla frú Láru ehf.	29,76%	2,500
Vilko ehf.	8,22%	2,955
Þvottatækni ehf.	30,00%	729
Þörungaverksmiðjan hf.	27,67%	7,919
Total Industrie		54,415
Health and Biotechnology Globodent á Íslandi ehf. ORF Líftækni hf.	7,18% 3,55%	2,353 3,339
Total Health and Biotechno	,	5,692
Agriculture Fóðuriðjan Ólafsdal ehf. Sláturfélag Austurlands fsvf. Yrkjar ehf Total Agriculture	28,57% 28,00% 7,29%	6,000 18,000 1,800 <b>25,800</b>
Consulting Atvinnuþróunarfélag Vestfjarða Atvinnuþróunarfélag Þingeyinga Forsvar ehf. Frumkvöðlasetur Austurlands e Total Consulting	hf. 31,86% 12,28%	1,933 1,833 2,000 7,000 <b>12,766</b>

Fisheries Bakkavík ehf. Bernskan ehf. Eignarhaldsfélagið Gláma hf. Fossvík ehf. Kampi ehf. Norðurskel ehf. Reykofninn-Grundarfirði ehf. Tó hf. Þórsberg ehf.	17,14% 29,54% 36,52% 15,38% 35,35% 1,34% 15,24% 10,40% 7,65%	21,589 8,132 114,500 9,000 23,328 1,261 5,160 2,667 2,900
Total Fisheries IT Gagnaveita Skagafjarðar hf. HotMobileMail ehf. Óley ehf.	7,66% 24,53% 42,02%	188,537 10,000 15,000 10,000
Total IT		35,000

Total shares as ISK	1,025,896
The value of shares held by	the Institute is entered á

in the financial statement as ISK 1,054,191

**11. Operational assets** Fixed asset reavaluation and depreciation of operational assets:

	Real Estate	Fixtures	Cars	Total
Total value 1/1	70.389	29.601		99.990
Depreciated total 1/1	(18.798)	(26.641)		(45.439)
Added in year			5.724	5.724
Depreciated during the year	(1.947)	(2.960)	(1.145)	(6.052)
Book value 31/12	49.644	0	4.579	54.223
Total value 31/12	70.389	29.601	5.724	105.714
Total depreciated 31/12	(20.745)	(29.601)	(1.145)	(51.491)
Book total 31/12	49.644	0	4.579	54.223
Depreciation ratios	2 - 3%	20%	20%	

The institutions real estate are valued according to the following way. For comparison is the book value.

	Retail value	Insurance value	Book value
Skagfirðingabraut 17-21 Háuhlíð 4	26.900 26.807	83.685 46.650	36.136 13.508
	53.707	130.335	49.644

## **12.** Assets and liabilities linked to foreign currencies or inflation-indexed

		2009 ISK 000s	2008 ISK 000s
Exchange	rate-indexed:		
Assets		13.289.618	16.053.200
Liabilities	_	14.832.426	15.567.528
	Difference	(1.542.808)	485.672
Inflation-ir	ndexed: –		
Assets		4.298.063	4.685.957
Liabilities		7.606.178	5.764.993
	Difference	(3.308.115)	(1.079.036)

#### 13. Borrowing

Breakdown of liabilities by maturity:

On demand	0	328.828
Up to 3 months	331.018	373.218
3 month up to 1 year	4.435.196	889.112
1 to 5 years	7.072.110	9.806.118
Over 5 years	10.600.280	10.264.073
Total	22.438.604	21.661.349

#### 14. Equity capital

According to provisions in the Act on Financial Undertakings, No. 161/2002, a lending institution's equity may at no time fall below an amount equivalent to 8% of the risk base. In reference to this, the equity ratio of the Icelandic Regional Development institute amounted to 4.92% at year end.

In 2010, a 1,000 million ISK contribution was agreed in the national budget to respond to the fact that the institution's equity ratio did not meet the provisions No. 161/2002 on financial undertakings at year end 2009.

Equity capital and equity ratio, as stipulated by law:

Balance at the beginn	ing	
of the year	1.544.537	2.072.521
Budget contribution	2.600.000	0
Year loss	(3.014.616)	(527.984)
	1.129.921	1.544.537
Equity ratio	4,92%	2,80%

## **15.** Remuneration to auditors was distributed as follows:

Auditing	3,255	2,492
Other professional services	4,085	4,155
Total	7,340	6,647

#### 16. Events after statement date

According to Note 14, the Institute did not meet the equity requirements for financial undertakings, but as indicated in Note 9, the Institute had to make considerable provisions for losses on loans. This alone constitutes circumstances that may cause a considerable uncertainty on the going concern and thereby an uncertainty on whether the Institute can sell its assets and pay its liabilities under normal operating conditions. The Institute is, however, owned by the state and, according to Note 14, the parliament included in the 2010 budget an authorisation to strengthen the Institute's equity so that it meets statutory equity ratio requirements. For this reason and with reference to the Institute being owned by and the responsibility of the State Treasury, we consider it secure as an ongoing concern and that there is no uncertainty in that regard.